Naperville Community Unit School District No. 203

Naperville, Illinois

Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Naperville Community School District No. 203 Naperville, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naperville Community School District No. 203, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Naperville Community School District No. 203's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Naperville Community School District No. 203's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naperville Community School District No. 203, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Naperville Community School District No. 203's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2014 on our consideration of Naperville Community School District No. 203's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Naperville Community School District No. 203's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Slein Hall CPAS

Klein Hall CPAs Aurora, Illinois October 3, 2014

The discussion and analysis of Naperville Community Unit School District No. 203's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights

- In total, net assets increased by \$7.3. This represents a 2.3% increase from 2013 due to net increase in the District's investment in Capital Assets.
- The District had an overall positive budget variance (net of TRS On-Behalf payments) of \$1.8, which was a combination of \$0.6 positive revenue and \$1.2 positive expenditure budget variance.
- General revenues accounted for \$226.6 in revenue or 75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounts for \$74.1 or 25% of total revenues of \$300.7.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying

event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities, that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services (regular education, special education and other), supporting services, operation and maintenance of facilities and transportation services.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds (the District maintains no proprietary funds).

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a school district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, reader may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and charges in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, Debt Service Fund, Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, and Fire Prevention and Life Safety Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its non-certified employees.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's combined net assets were higher on June 30, 2014, than they were the year before, increasing 2.3% to \$324.5.

Table 1			
Condensed Statements of Net Position			
(in millions of dollars)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	2013	 2014
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$	265.5	\$ 276.1
Capital Assets	•	236.2	242.4
Total Assets		501.7	 518.5
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities		21.2	25.9
Long-term debt outstanding		55.1	55.9
Total Liabilities		76.3	 81.8
Deferred Inflows:			
Unearned revenue		108.2	 112.2
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		199.6	208.0
Restricted		27.5	27.1
Unrestricted		90.1	89.4
Total Net Position	\$	317.2	\$ 324.5

Revenues in the governmental activities of the District of \$300.7 exceeded expenses by \$7.3. This was attributable primarily to net increase in the District's investment in Capital Assets.

Table 2	· <u>· </u>			·······	<u>_</u>
Changes in Net Position		-			
(in millions of dollars)			•		
			2013	2	014
Revenues:				••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services		\$	9.3	\$	8.3
Operating grants & contributions		-	58.9	•	65.7
Capital grants & Contributions			· _		-
General revenues:					
Taxes			209.0		218.8
General state aid			7.1	•	6.9
Other	. •		2.2		1.0
Total revenues			286.5	<u> </u>	300.7
Expenses:			. <i>'</i>		
Instruction	· · ·		183.1		190.4
Pupil & instructional staff services			28.4	. *	30.2
Administration & Business			24.3		24.1
Transportation			11.0		13.1
Operations & maintenance			19.6		23.6
Other			11.5		12.0
Total expenses			277.9	<u> </u>	293.4
Increase (decrease) in net position		\$	8.6	\$	7.3
	-				





Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District's funds as a whole is reflected in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Total revenue in the governmental funds was \$300.7 compared to \$286.4 in the prior year, an increase of \$14.3 or 5%. There was an increase in total expenditures compared to the prior year of \$20.7 or 7.4%, mainly due to an increase of capital outlay (construction of facilities).

Consistent revenues due to property tax collections, controlled salary increases through labor contracts, and stable student enrollment has resulted in the District's Governmental Funds balance increasing from \$136.1 to \$138.0, which has resulted in a favorable financial position for the District.

The District Operating Funds (excluding Capital Projects and Debt Service) budgeted for an \$0.1 increase in fund balance, realizing an actual increase of \$0.9.

Operations and Maintenance Fund: The fund balance in the Operations and Maintenance Fund decreased \$1.2 including a \$3.0 transfer from the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund: The largest revenue source in the General Fund is property taxes at 69% of all revenue from that fund. Property tax revenue in the 2014 fiscal year was 0.2% higher than the prior fiscal year. State revenue sources represent 24.7% of all revenue in the General Fund, which increased by \$9.1. Increases in TRS on-behalf funding compared to 2013 account for the increase in state funding reflected in the General Fund. Federal revenue sources represent 2.6% of all revenues, decreasing \$0.3 from the prior year.

Total expenditures of \$242.8 in the General Fund increased by 4.5% over the prior year.

Actual revenues recognized were greater than budgeted by \$44.8 (22% of budget), attributable to State Funding including an on behalf payment to the TRS of \$44.9 (not budgeted).

Actual expenditures were \$41.9 over budget (21% of budget), \$44.9 attributable to the State on behalf payment to TRS (not budgeted), and health insurance and capital outlay being greater than budgeted.

The fund balance at year end was \$110.4, an increase of \$2.7 or 2.5% over the prior year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of 2014, the District had compiled a total investment of \$407.4 (\$242.4 net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets including buildings, land and equipment. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$13.9. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the basic financial statements.

Table 3 Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)		
	2013	 2014
Land	\$ 12.8	\$ 12.8
Buildings	194.4	188.6
Land Improvements	13.5	26.5
Machinery and equipment	15.6	14.5
Total	\$ 236.3	\$ 242.4

Long-term Debt

The District retired \$2.3 in bonds in 2014. Net OPEB Obligations and Compensated Absences increased by \$3.0. At the end of fiscal 2014, the District had a debt margin of \$537.9. More detailed information on long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

Table 4 Outstanding Long-Term Debt (in millions of dollars)			
	2	2013	 2014
General Obligation Bonds	\$	37.7	\$ 35.4
Capital leases and other		17.4	20.5
Total	\$	55.1	\$ 55.9

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that will significantly affect financial operations in the future:

The District has four labor contracts in place.

- Certified Teaching Staff (NUEA) are contracted through 2016.
- Education Support Staff (NESPA) through 2015.
- Maintenance and Custodial Staff (NUMA) are contracted through 2018.
- Transportation Staff (NTA) are contracted through 2017.

The District's self-insurance health program is actual performance has been favorable for the current plan year. The District has a current balance in the self-insurance fund of \$13 (about 54%) – well above the reserve of 30% of plan costs. In addition, the District is taking the appropriate steps to implement the Affordable Care Act in order to avoid additional charges and fees estimated to range from \$1.2 to \$1.7.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office:

Naperville Community Unit School District No. 203 203 West Hillside Road Naperville, Illinois 60540

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 159,289,566
Receivables:	
Property taxes	113,651,164
Due from other governments	2,988,951
Other receivables	221,906
Capital assets:	
Land	12,787,618
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	229,601,382
Total Assets	518,540,587
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position: Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	10,565,398
Accrued salaries	15,387,023
Noncurrent liabilities:	15,507,025
Due within one year	3,281,225
Due in more than one year	52,572,724
	0
	81,806,370
Deferred Inflows:	
Unearned revenue	112,185,963
Net Position:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	208,034,093
Operations and maintenance	15,421,815
Debt service	1,449,828
Transportation	6,189,693
Retirement benefits	3,502,314
Other purposes	5,502,514
Unrestricted	
Onesuletou	89,363,303
Total net position	\$ 324,548,254

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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						Net (Expense)
						Revenue and
						Changes in
			Prog	ram Revenues		Net Assets
	Operating Capital			Total		
		Charges fo		Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions	Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Tunctions	Пурепаса	Services				Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instructional services:						
Regular programs	\$ 98,147,012	\$ 4,145,78	3 \$	2,600,229	\$-	\$ (91,401,000)
Special programs	29,819,917	φ 4,145,70	φ	11,791,868	Ф -	
Other programs	17,545,324		-		-	(18,028,049)
State retirement contributions			-	17,319	-	(17,528,005)
	44,907,466		-	44,907,466	-	-
Support services:	17 207 221					(17 207 001)
Pupils	17,387,221		-	-	-	(17,387,221)
Instructional staff	12,806,062		-	225,184	-	(12,580,878)
General administration	5,110,743		-	-	-	(5,110,743)
School administration	12,144,427		-		-	(12,144,427)
Business	6,801,913	3,534,70	6	1,064,676	-	(2,202,471)
Operation and						
maintenance of facilities	23,586,281	432,60		-	-	(23,153,674)
Transportation	13,066,550	233,87	2	4,706,996	-	(8,125,682)
Central	8,862,427		-	-	-	(8,862,427)
Other	877,989		-	-	-	(877,989)
Community service	550,743		-	-	~	(550,743)
Interest on long-term						
liabilities	1,745,844			420,799	-	(1,325,045)
Total school district	\$ 293,359,919	\$ 8,347,02	<u>8 \$</u>	65,734,537	<u> </u>	(219,278,354)
	General revenues					
	Property taxes le					
	General purpo					173,446,432
	Operation & n	naintenance				28,161,782
	Transportation	1				6,194,555
	Retirement					6,869,905
	Debt service					1,566,367
	Personal propert	ty replacement	taxes			2,472,244
	Federal and state	e aid not restri	cted to s	specific purpose	S	6,907,859
	Earnings on invo	estments				295,855
	Miscellaneous					704,101
		Total genera	l revent	ies		226,619,100
		-				,
		Change in n	et assets	;		7,340,746
	Net position - beg	inning				317,207,508
	Net position - end	ing				\$ 324,548,254

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General		Operations and Maintenance	Tra	ansportation		Municipal Retirement/ Social Security
ASSETS								
Assets: Cash and investments	ሰ	122 515 005	¢	16 100 710	•	6.060.000	•	
Receivables:	\$	132,515,905	\$	15,138,719	\$	6,068,909	\$	3,325,658
Property taxes		90,284,712		14,770,115		3,312,578		2699566
Due from other governments		2,818,028		14,770,115		60,923		3,688,566 110,000
Other receivables		2,010,020	÷	16,187		00,925		110,000
				10,107				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	225,618,645	\$	29,925,021	\$	9,442,410	\$	7,124,224
		·.	_					
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS	AN	D FUND BALA	ANC	<u>CES</u>				
T := h :1:4!								
Liabilities:	¢	10 565 200	ሰ		· e		^	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related expenditures	\$	10,565,398	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accided salaries and related expenditures		15,387,023						-
Total Liabilities		25,952,421				-		
Deferred inflows:								
Unearned revenue		89,241,764	<u> </u>	14,503,206		3,252,717		3,621,910
Fund Balances:				·.				
Committed		17,173,783		-		-		· _
Restricted		587,208		15,421,815		6,189;693		3,502,314
Unassigned		92,663,469		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		110,424,460		15,421,815		6,189,693		3,502,314
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	225 619 645	¢	20.025.021	¢	0 442 410	ድ	7 104 004
THE DOWS AND FOUD DALANCES	<u>.</u>	225,618,645		29,925,021	\$	9,442,410	\$	7,124,224

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

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Debt Service	Fire Prevention and Safety	 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,215,282	\$ 1,025,093	\$ 159,289,566
1,595,193 -	-	113,651,164 2,988,951
205,719	 -	 221,906
\$ 3,016,194	\$ 1,025,093	\$ 276,151,587
\$-	\$ -	\$ 10,565,398
	 	 15,387,023
	 1	 25,952,421
1,566,366	 	 112,185,963
-	_	17,173,783
1,449,828	1,025,093	28,175,951
	 -	92,663,469
1,449,828	 1,025,093	138,013,203
\$ 3,016,194	\$ 1,025,093	\$ 276,151,587

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 138,013,203
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$407,428,293 and the accumulated depreciation is \$165,039,293.	242,389,000
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Long-term debt	 (55,853,949)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 324,548,254

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Operations and General Maintenance Transporta		Transportation	Municipal Retirement/ Social on Security		
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$ 184,157,514	\$ 28,884,803	\$ 6,429,487	\$ 7,020,054		
State sources	60,846,292	\$ 20,004,005	4,706,996	\$ 7,020,034		
Federal sources	6,668,309					
Total Revenues	251,672,115	28,884,803	11,136,483	7,020,054		
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating:	<i>i</i> .					
Instruction	173,897,422	-	-	2,916,705		
Supporting services	62,397,453	33,105,794	11,216,966	4,594,595		
Community services	499,708	-		51,035		
Non-programmed charges	6,029,252	-	-	-		
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	· _	-		
Interest and other	-	• –	-	-		
Capital Outlay						
Total Expenditures	242,823,835	33,105,794	11,216,966	7,562,335		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,848,280	(4,220,991)	(80,483)	(542,281)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		: · · · ·				
Transfers in	-	3,000,000	-	· _		
Transfers out	(6,085,563)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,085,563)	3,000,000				
Net changes in fund balance	2,762,717	(1,220,991)	(80,483)	(542,281)		
Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year	107,661,743	16,642,806	6,270,176	4,044,595		
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 110,424,460	\$ 15,421,815	\$ 6,189,693	\$ 3,502,314		

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

	Fire Debt Prevention Service and Safety		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	1,566,411	\$-	\$ 228,058,269		
	-	-	65,553,288		
	420,799		7,089,108		
	1,987,210		300,700,665		
	-	-	176,814,127		
	-	-	111,314,808		
	-	-	550,743		
	-	-	6,029,252		
	2,330,000	-	2,330,000		
	1,745,844	-	1,745,844		
	-				
	4,075,844		298,784,774		
	(2,088,634)		1,915,891		
	3,085,563	-	6,085,563		
		<u> </u>	(6,085,563)		
·	3,085,563	<u> </u>	<u></u> ,		
	996,929		1,915,891		
	452,899	1,025,093	136,097,312		
\$	1,449,828	\$ 1,025,093	\$ 138,013,203		

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 1,915,891
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activitie assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocat over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	es, ed		7
Capital outlays	\$	19,990,577	
Depreciation expense		(13,855,236)	6,135,341
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in compensated absences Increase in other postemployment benefits	\$	78,352 (3,118,838)	(3.040.486
The governmental funds record bond and loan proceeds as other financing sources, while repayment of bond and loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of bonds and loans and related items is as follows:			(0,010,100)
Repayment of bond and loan principal			 2,330,000
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 7,340,746

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND - ACTIVITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Assets:	
Cash	\$ 2,840,859
Liabilities:	
Due to organizations	\$ 2,840,859

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Naperville Community Unit School District No. 203 (the District) is governed by an elected Board of Education. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the significant accounting policies, consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is described below.

In June 1999 the GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.* Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

The financial statements include;

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using the full-accrual basis of accounting for all the District's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on major funds.

a. The Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include or exclude a potential component unit in reporting entity is made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The definition of a component unit is legally separate organization for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District also may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the District, regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or (3) a jointly appointed board. There are no component units, as defined by GASB, which are included in the District's reporting entity. Even though there are local government agencies within the geographic area served by the District, such as the municipality, library and park district, these agencies have been excluded from the report because they are legally separate and the District is not financially accountable for them. The District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity, as defined by GASB pronouncements.

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The following summarizes the fund types used by the District:

GASB statement No. 54 refined the definitions of various governmental funds. These updated definitions are incorporated into the following fund descriptions.

Major Governmental funds include the following fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund, which consists of the legally mandated Educational Account, Tort Immunity Account and Working Cash Account is used to account for the revenues and expenditures, which are used in providing education in the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. This Fund is used for most of the instructional and administrative aspects of the District's operations, as well as providing school lunch services to students. The revenue consists primarily of local property taxes, state government aid and student registration fees and lunch receipts from the District food service program.

Educational Account – These accounts are used for most of the instructional and administrative aspects of the District's operations, as well as providing school lunch services to students. The revenue consists primarily of local property taxes, state government aid and student registration fees and lunch receipts from the District food service program.

Tort Immunity Account – This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to tort immunity. Revenue is primarily derived from local property taxes.

Working Cash Account – This fund accounts for financial resources held by the District to be used as loans for working capital requirements to any other fund for which taxes are levied. The Working Cash Account was established and has been used to respond to fluctuations in cash flow resulting from unpredictable property tax collections. The earnings of the fund are allowed to be transferred to another fund under the <u>Illinois Compiled Statutes</u>. The principal of the fund, accumulated from bond issues, can be used as a source from which the District borrows money to support temporary deficiencies in other funds, or may be partially or fully transferred to the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds Operation and Maintenance and Transportation Funds, upon Board approval.

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's Special Revenue Funds are described as follows:

Operations and Maintenance Fund – These accounts are used for expenditures made for operation, repair and maintenance of District property. Revenue consists primarily of local property taxes.

Transportation Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures relating to student transportation, both to and from school. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund – This fund accounts for the District's portion of the pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund for noncertified employees and social security contributions for applicable certified and noncertified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years also should be reported in debt service funds.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Since there are no legal requirements on bond indentures, which mandate that a separate fund be established for each bond issue, the District maintains one Debt Service Fund for all bond issues.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Capital Projects Fund – Capital Projects Funds include the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund. The Fire Prevention and Safety Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for acquisitions and construction projects, which qualify as Fire Prevention and Safety expenditures.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds (Activity Funds) account for assets held by the District in trustee capacity or as an agent for student organizations. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Private-sector standards of accounting, and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The District has adopted a policy consistent with GASB Statement No. 34 to net the interfund receivables and payables for combined totals used to determine the major funds. Consequently, the interfund loan balances, which net to zero, are not utilized to determine major funds.

c. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All of the District's operating activities are considered "governmental activities", that is, activities that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no operating activities that would be considered "business activities".

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities in the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as a revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives the cash.

Revenues – Exchange and nonexchange transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements that specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes, interest, grants, entitlements and student fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

At June 30, 2014, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue were as follows:

Property taxes receivable for subsequent year	\$ 111,597,392
Local revenue receivable	588,571
	\$ 112,185,963

Expenses / Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

d. Deposits and Investments

Under Illinois law, the District is restricted to investing funds in specific types of investment instruments. The following generally represents the types of instruments allowable by state law:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the United States.
- Interest-bearing accounts of financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Short-term obligations (less than 180 days) of U.S. corporations with assets over \$500,000,000 rated in the three highest classifications by at least two rating agencies.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

- Insured accounts of an Illinois credit union chartered under United States or Illinois law.
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- Illinois Funds. (A state sponsored investment pool.)
- Repurchase agreements which meet instrument transactions requirements of Illinois law.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 for furniture, equipment, buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Buildings, improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40, 50 vicem
Building improvements	40-50 years 20 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

f. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

g. Net Position

Government-Wide Statements

Net position is classified and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets. Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.
- 2. Restricted. Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted. Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

h. Fund Balance Reporting

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications: Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance.

A. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

B. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Special Revenue Funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes. The District has several revenue sources received within different funds that also fall into these categories –

1. Special Education

Revenues and the related expenditures of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Educational Account. Expenditures exceeded revenue for this purpose, resulting in no restricted fund balance.

2. Tort Immunity

Expenditures and the related revenues are accounted for in the Tort Immunity Account. Revenues exceeded expenditures for this purpose, resulting in a restricted fund balance of \$587,208.

3. State and Federal Grants

Proceeds from state and federal grants and the related expenditures have been included in the General Fund and various Special Revenue Funds. At June 30, 2014, expenditures exceeded revenue from state and federal grants, resulting in no restricted balances.

4. Social Security

Expenditures and the related revenues of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund. Revenues received exceeded expenditures for this purpose, resulting in a restricted fund balance of \$1,006,454. The remaining balance is restricted for Municipal Retirement purposes.

5. Capital Projects Funds

Expenditures and the related revenues are accounted for in the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund. All equity within this fund is restricted for the associated capital expenditures within these funds.

C. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the School Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The District's self insured health insurance fund represents funds which have been segregated by the District for the purpose of funding these related insurance costs. As of June 30, 2014, \$17,173,783 was committed for this purpose.

D. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to the amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. No assigned balances existed as of June 30, 2014.

E. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Operating Funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Funds.

Fund	Nonspe	ndable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
Educational	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 17,173,783	\$ -	\$ 87,436,468
Operations & Maintenance		-	-	-	-	15,421,815
Debt Service		-	1,449,828	-		
Transportation		-	6,189,693	-	_	-
Municipal Retirement		-	3,502,314	-	-	-
Working Cash		-	-		-	5,227,001
Tort Liability		-	587,208	-	-	-
Fire Prevention & Safety		-	1,025,093	-	-	-

F. Reconciliation of Fund Balance Reporting

G. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures disbursed act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures disbursed for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.
NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

i. **Property Taxes**

The District must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District. The owner of real property on January 1 (the lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year.

The Dupage/Will County Assessor is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Dupage/Will County except for certain railroad property which is assessed directly by the State.

Property taxes are collected by the Dupage/Will County Treasurer who remits to the units their respective shares of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1 during the following year. Substantial collections are received by the District in June and September. For governmental funds, property tax revenue is recognized to the extent of taxes due and collected within the current year or expected to be collected within 60 days of year end to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Based upon collection histories, the District has provided at June 30, 2014 an allowance for uncollectible real property taxes equivalent to 0.5% of the current levy. All property taxes receivable over one year old have been written off.

j. Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the extent required by Illinois law in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund with the balance allocated to funds at the discretion of the District.

k. Other receivables

The District records receivables for items such as special education costs, rent and other amounts due from individuals as "other receivables".

I. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at June 30, 2014 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

Employees are entitled to be compensated for vacation time. Vacations are usually taken within the fiscal year. Accrued but unpaid vacation leave at June 30, 2014, was \$1,401,225 which is reported as a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Assets. In prior years the accrued vacation liability was due within one year as all employees had until the end of August of the following year to use vacation time or it was lost. Beginning July 1, 2010 the District implemented a new policy which accrues vacation time on a monthly basis and allows employees to carry over a maximum of 1.5 times their allotment of days (Administrators, NESBA, & Non Union) or 26/12 times their allotment of days (NUMA & NTA) in their vacation time bank. As such, the liability is not considered to be due within one year as of June 30, 2014.

All certified employees receive a specified number of sick days per year. Unused sick leave days accumulate to a maximum of 240 days. Upon retirement, a certified employee may apply up to 170 days of unused sick leave toward service credit for TRS.

Education support personnel receive fifteen sick days per year, which accumulate to a maximum of 260 days. The District does not reimburse employees for unused sick days remaining upon retirement of employment.

Due to the nature of the policies on sick leave no liability is provided in the financial statements for accumulated unpaid sick leave.

m. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

n. Comparative Data

The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013, from which such summarized information was derived.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Custodial Credit Risk

Investments held by the District which are short-term highly liquid investments having a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported by the District at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value. Gains or losses on the sale of investments are recognized upon realization. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy. The institutions in which investments are made must be approved by the Board of Education.

At June 30, 2014 the carrying amount of the District's deposits, which include both cash and certificates of deposit totaled \$162,068,050 and the bank balances totaled \$161,793,502. These amounts were entirely insured or collateralized as of June 30, 2014.

Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Fa	Fair Value		aturities 1 years) ss than 1	% of Portfolio	Agency Rating
Illinois Funds	\$	62,375	\$	62,375	100.0%	AAA
	\$	62,375	\$	62,375	100.0%	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

	Go	vernment-wide	 Fiduciary	Total
Cash & Investments	\$	159,289,566	\$ 2,840,859	\$ 162,130,425
Total	\$	159,289,566	\$ 2,840,859	\$ 162,130,425
		Cash and Investments		
Deposits with financial institutions Other investments	\$	162,068,050 62,375	÷	
Total	\$	162,130,425		

At year end, the District's cash and investments was comprised of the following:

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. The District's investment policy seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the District's overall portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance to safety of principal and liquidity. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, the policy requires the District investment portfolio to sufficiently liquid to enable the District to meet all operating requirements as they come due.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State Statutes limit the investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top three ratings of two nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO's). The District's investment policy authorizes the following investments:

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. The trust is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments are rated AAAm and are valued at share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk but requires the Chief Investment Officer to use the judgment and care, under circumstances prevailing, "that persons of prudence, discretion and

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

intelligence exercise is the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the safety of capital as well as probably income."

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds. As of June 30, 2014, the bank balance of the District's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$161,793,502; all of which was collateralized and insured.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to investment custodial credit risk by requiring all investments be secured by private insurance or collateral.

Separate cash and investment accounts are not maintained for all District funds; instead, the individual funds maintain their invested and uninvested balances in the common checking and investment accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain funds participating in the common bank accounts will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. The overdrafts result from expenditures that have been approved by the Board of Education.

Foreign Currency Risk. The District held no foreign investments during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Due from other governmental units is comprised of the following as of June 30, 2014:

·		Other	 State Aid	Federal Aid	Total
Educational Fund	\$	484,425	\$ 412,827	\$1,920,776	\$ 2,818,028
Transportation Fund		60,923			60,923
Municipal Retirement/Social Security	,				2
Fund		110,000			110,000
Total	\$	655,348	\$ 412,827	\$1,920,776	2,988,951

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 12,787,618	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 12,787,618
Construction in process	-		-		-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,787,618					12,787,618
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Buildings	291,269,794		-		-	291,269,794
Improvements other than buildings	19,006,799		14,295,170		-	33,301,969
Equipment	64,689,505		5,695,407		316,000	70,068,912
Total capital assets being depreciated	374,966,098	-	19,990,577	-	316,000	394,640,675
Accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	96,822,696		5,825,396		-	102,648,092
Improvements other than buildings	5,474,822		1,307,719		_	6,782,541
Equipment	49,202,539		6,722,121		316,000	55,608,660
Total accumulated depreciation	151,500,057		13,855,236		316,000	165,039,293
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	223,466,041	•.	6,135,341			229,601,382
Total capital assets, net	\$236,253,659	\$	6,135,341	\$		\$242,389,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instructional Services:	
Regular programs	\$ 9,816,590
Special programs	414,671
Supporting Services:	
Pupils	304,144
Instructional Staff	384,526
General Administration	255,901
School administration	1,070
Business	332,909
Operations and maintenance of facilities	667,172
Transportation	1,131,013
Central	547,240
	\$13,855,236

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the components of long-term debt and related transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Long-Term Debt at June 30, 2014 is comprised of the following:

		Balance				Balance	Amount Due
·	Jı	ine 30, 2013	 Additions	F	Reductions	June 30, 2014	in one year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	37,710,000	\$ -	\$	2,330,000	\$ 35,380,000	\$1,880,000
Compensated Absences		1,479,577	1,401,225		1,479,577	1,401,225	1,401,225
Net OPEB Obligation		15,953,886	3,118,838		, -	19,072,724	-
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	55,143,463	\$ 4,520,063	\$	3,809,577	\$ 55,853,949	\$ 3,281,225

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

General Obligation Bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Ir	Original Idebtedness	Carrying Amount
Series 2008 General Library Building Bonds Dated M ay 1, 2008 are due in annual installments through February 1, 2028 Series 2009 Build America Bonds dated August 26, 2009, are due in annual installments through February	3.875% - 4.00%	\$	10,000,000 \$	9,500,000
1, 2029	1.50% - 5.00%	\$	33,000,000 \$	25,880,000
Total		\$	43,000,000 \$	35,380,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows for governmental type activities:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,880,0	00 \$ 1,641,452	\$ 3,521,452
2016	1,940,0	00 1,574,712	3,514,712
2017	2,000,0	00 1,477,712	3,477,712
2018	2,070,0	00 1,377,712	3,447,712
2019	2,130,0	00 1,274,212	3,404,212
2020-2024	11,760,0	00 4,701,560	16,461,560
2025-2029	13,600,0	00 1,808,312	15,408,312
Total	\$ 35,380,0	00 \$ 13,855,672	\$ 49,235,672

The District is subject to the <u>Illinois Compiled Statutes</u> which limits the amount of bond indebtedness, including the installment contracts, to 13.8% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2014, the statutory debt limit for the District was \$571,848,064 providing a debt margin of \$537,917,892 after taking into account amounts available in the Debt Service Fund.

The payments to retire the compensated absences and other post employment benefits will be provided by future tax levies within the General Fund and Operations and Maintenance Fund. Payments to retire bonds payable will be made from debt service levies in future periods. There is \$1,449,828 of fund equity available in the Debt Service Fund to service outstanding bonds payable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Retirement Plans

The District participates in two retirement systems: The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Members of TRS consist of all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher certification is required. Employees, other than teachers, who meet prescribed annual hourly standards are members of IMRF.

Illinois Teachers' Retirement System:

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The State of Illinois maintains primary responsibility for funding the plan, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2014, was 9.4 percent of creditable earnings. The same contribution rate applies to members whose first contributing service is on or after Jan. 1, 2011, the effective date of the benefit changes contained in Public Act 96-0889. These contributions, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, are submitted to TRS by the employer. The active member contribution rate was also 9.4 percent for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. For the year ended June 30, 2014 earnings of \$123,978,643 were reported to TRS.

The State of Illinois makes contributions directly to TRS on behalf of the District's TRS-covered employees.

On-behalf contributions. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2014, State of Illinois contributions were based on 35.41 percent of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$43,724,873 in pension contributions that the State of Illinois paid directly to TRS. For the years ended June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2012, contribution rates were 28.05 percent (\$32,876,694) and 24.91 percent (\$28,342,660), respectively.

The District makes other types of employer contributions directly to TRS.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

2.2 Formula Contributions. Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$719,076. Contributions for the years ending June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2012, were \$696,134 and \$674,827, respectively.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the district, there is a statutory requirement for the district to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under a policy adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees that has been in effect since the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds will be the same as the state contribution rate to TRS. Public Act 98-0674 now requires the two rates to be the same.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the employer pension contribution was 35.41 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 the employer contribution was 28.05 and 24.91 percent, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2014, salaries totaling \$553,416 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$195,964. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, required district contributions were \$789,775 and \$639,995, respectively.

Early Retirement Option (ERO). The district is also required to make one-time employer contributions to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the age and salary of the member.

The maximum employer ERO contribution under the current program is 146.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the district paid \$226,891 to TRS for employer contributions under the ERO program. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the district paid \$310,799 and \$120,566, respectively.

Salary increases over 6 percent and excess sick leave.

If an employer grants salary increases over 6 percent and those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution will cover the difference in actuarial cost of the benefit based on actual salary increases and the benefit based on salary increases of up to 6 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$16,699 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the District paid \$31,715 and \$86,686, respectively.

If an employer grants sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment and those days are used as TRS service credit, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution is based on the number of excess sick leave days used as service credit, the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

highest salary rate reported by the granting employer during the four-year sick leave review period, and the TRS total normal cost rate (17.29 percent of salary during the year ended June 30, 2014).

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$0 to TRS for sick leave days granted in the excess of the normal annual allotment. For the year ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the District paid \$0 and \$123, respectively.

TRS financial information, an explanation of TRS benefits, and descriptions of member, employer and state funding requirements can be found in the TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the year ended June 30, 2014. The report for the year ended June 30, 2014, is expected to be available in late 2014. The reports may be obtained by writing to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois, 2815 West Washington Street, P.O. Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794-9253. The most current report is also available on the TRS Web site at http://trs.illinois.gov.

Teacher's Health Insurance Security (THIS)

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants nor enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Beginning February 1, 2014, annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in Medicare Advantage plans.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to the TRS who are not employees of the state to make a contribution to THIS Fund.

The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

On Behalf Contributions to THIS Fund. The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were 0.97 percent of pay during the year ended June 30, 2014. State of Illinois contributions were \$1,202,593, and the district recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

State contributions intended to match active member contributions during the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were 0.92 and 0.88 percent of pay, respectively. State contributions on behalf of district employees were \$1,104,212, and \$1,023,875, respectively.

Employer contributions to THIS Fund. The District also makes contributions to THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.72 percent during the year ended June 30, 2014 and 0.69 and 0.66 percent during the years ended June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2012. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$892,646 to the THIS Fund. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the District paid \$828,159 and \$767,907, respectively, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

Further Information on THIS Fund. The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: <u>http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp</u>. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services." Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services."

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund:

Plan Description. The employer's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Your employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statue and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, your employer Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statutes required employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2011 was 11.86 percent. Your employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution for calendar year 2013 was \$3,533,523.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

Calendar	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/2013	\$ 3,533,523	100%	\$ -
12/31/2012	3,324,397	100%	-
12/31/2011	3,312,877	100%	-

The required contribution for 2013 was determined as part of the December 31, 2011, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2011, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your employer Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The employer Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2011 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 77.30 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$73,517,992 and the actuarial value of assets was \$56,830,799, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$16,687,193. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$29,793,619 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 59 percent.

The schedule of funding progress presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 7. SPECIAL TAX LEVIES AND RESTRICTED EQUITY

Proceeds from the Special Education tax levy and the related expenditures are accounted for in the General Fund's Education Account. At June 30, 2014, cumulative expenditures had exceeded related cumulative revenues.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2014, the District had entered into various contractual commitments for construction projects. The unpaid balance of these contracts is approximately \$595,489 as of June 30, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to employee health benefits; workers' compensation claims; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. The District has purchases insurance from private insurance companies and a risk pool for general liability, workers' compensation and other coverages not included below. Premiums have been recorded as expenditures in the appropriate funds. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior years. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The District is self-insured for medical and workers' compensation coverage that is provided to District personnel. A third party administrator administers claims for a monthly fee per participant. Expenditures are recorded as incurred in the form of direct contributions from the District to the third party administrator for payment of employee health claims and administration fees. The District's liability will not exceed \$210,000 per employee for medical and \$400,000 per employee for workers' compensation, as provided by stop-loss provisions incorporated in the plan.

At June 30, 2014, total unpaid claims, including an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported to the administrative agent, totaled \$4,366,102. The estimates are developed based on reports prepared by the administrative agent. The District does not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability. For the two years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, changes in the total liability for unpaid claims are summarized as follows:

			C	Current Year			
	Cla	ims Payable	(Claims and			
	Beginning of		Changes in		Claims	Claims Payable	
		Year		Estimates	Payments	E	nd of Year
Fiscal Year 2014	\$	4,334,994	\$	28,915,681	\$ 28,884,573	\$	4,366,102
Fiscal Year 2013		5,000,668		28,105,070	28,770,744		4,334,994

NOTE 10. COLLECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE COOPERATIVE (CLIC)

The District is a member of CLIC, which has been formed to provide casualty, workman's compensation, property and liability protections and to administer some or all insurance coverages and protection other than health, life and accident coverages procured by the member districts. It is intended, by the creation of CLIC to allow a member District to equalize annual fluctuations in insurance costs by establishing a program whereby reserves may be created and temporary deficits of individual Districts covered and to ultimately equalize the risks and stabilize the costs of providing casualty, property and liability protections. If, during any fiscal year, the funds on hand in the account of CLIC are not sufficient to pay expenses of administration, the Board of Directors shall require supplementary payment from all members. Such payment shall be made in the same proportion as prior payments during that year to CLIC. Complete financial statements for CLIC can be obtained from its administrator, 1441 Lake Street, Libertyville, IL 60048.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NOTE 11. JOINT AGREEMENTS

The District is a member of DuPage Area Occupational Education System (DAOES), a joint agreement that provides certain special education services to residents of many school districts. The District believes that because it does not control the selection of the governing authority, and because of the control over employment of management personnel, operations, scope of public service, and special financing relationships exercised by the joint agreement governing board, this is not included as a component unit of the District.

NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan"). The plan provides medical and prescription drug and dental benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the District's self-insured insurance plan or TRS (TRIP), which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive healthcare insurance for a limited period of (5 years for IMRF and 10 years or \$48,000, whichever comes first, for TRS) at established contribution rates. The Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the board and the union. The District pays 100% of the premiums (medical and dental) for individuals eligible for health benefits from the Teacher's Retirement System (TRS). For individuals retiring under IMRF, the District pays 90% of the medical premium for exempt retirees and 85% for non-exempt retirees. Dental premiums are paid 100% by the retiree. The District makes the same monthly health insurance contribution on behalf of the retiree as it makes on behalf of all other active employees during the year. Administrative costs of the Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan are finance through investment earnings.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

	 FY 2014	FY 2013
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 5,588,193	\$ 4,594,332
Interest on net OPEB obligation	638,155	549,668
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(722,674)	(608,897)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 5,503,674	4,535,103
Contributions made by the District	 (2,384,836)	(2,322,929)
Increase in net OPEV obligations (4-5)	 3,118,838	 2,212,174
Net OPEB obligation - Beginning of Year	 15,953,886	13,741,712
Net OPEB obligation - End of Year	\$ 19,072,724	\$ 15,953,886

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Defined Post-employment Benefits Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011	\$ 5,503,674 4,535,103 4,454,734 4,249,314	0.00% 51.22% 49.40% 41.97%	15,953,886

The funded status of the Defined Post-employment Benefit Plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 46,937,502
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 46,937,502
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	 0%
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Covered payroll (active plan members)	 0% N/A

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made amount to the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2014

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the longer-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.50 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5% for TRIP premiums initially and then graded down to 5.6% over 6 years, 8.5% for medical and prescription drugs initially, then graded down to 5.6% over 7 years, and 4.9% for dental. The actuarial value of the plan assets are determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a thirty year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 is 30 years.

NOTE 13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2014:

Trans fer From	Transfer To	•••	Amount
General Fund-Educational Account	Operations and Maintenance Fund	\$	3,000,000
General Fund - Educational account	Debt Service Fund		3,085,563
	Total Transfers	\$	6,085,563

The \$3,000,000 transfer to the Operations and Maintenance Fund provided funds for operations. Transfers to the Debt Service Fund were made to provide funds for the debt service payments on bonds.

NOTE 11. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 the District implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and GASB Statement 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." Statement 63 is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 and provides a new statement of net position format to report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (which is the net residual amount of the other elements). This Statement requires that deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources be reported separately from assets and liabilities. This Statement also amends certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and related pronouncements to reflect the residual measure in the statement of financial position as net position, rather than net assets. As such, the District modified its government-wide financial statement presentation to incorporate these requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded)

June 30, 2014

Statement 65 is effective for the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Schedule of Funding Progress (unaudited) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

June 30, 2014

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded			Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
12/31/2013	\$ 56,830,799	\$ 73,517,992	\$ 16,687,193	77.30%	\$ 29,793,619	56.01%
12/31/2012	53,156,430	70,016,408	\$ 16,859,978	75.92%	28,511,120	59.13%
12/31/2011	50,669,553	68,555,412	17,885,859	73.91%	28,485,617	62.79%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2013 is \$67,971,352. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 92.46%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with Naperville Community Unit School District No. 203. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

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Schedule of Funding Progress (unaudited) Other Post Employment Benefits June 30, 2014

			Actuarial				UAAL as a
	P	Actuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded			Percentage of
Actuarial	V	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation		Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
6/30/2014	\$	-	\$ 46,937,502	\$ 46,937,502	0.00%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2013		-	45,700,283	45,700,283	0.00%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2012		-	44,804,199	44,804,199	0.00%	120,444,306	40.52%
6/30/2011		-	44,179,035	44,179,035	0.00%	142,971,828	30.90%

Valuations must be performed every two years for OPEB plans with more than 200 members and at least every three years for plans with fewer than 200 members.

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND, OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND AND TRANSPORTATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund									
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under							
REVENUES	Duugei	Actual	Over/Olider							
Local sources	\$ 184,794,996	\$ 184,157,514	\$ (637,482)							
State sources	15,169,594	60,846,292	45,676,698							
Federal sources	6,878,050	6,668,309	(209,741)							
Total Revenues	206,842,640	251,672,115	44,829,475							
EXPENDITURES										
Current operating:										
Instruction	130,112,097	173,897,422	(43,785,325)							
Support services	62,208,172	62,397,453	(189,281)							
Community services	570,978	499,708	71,270							
Non-programmed charges	8,016,656	6,029,252	1,987,404							
Total Expenditures	200,907,903	242,823,835	(41,915,932)							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	5,934,737	8,848,280	2,913,543							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	_	_							
Transfers out	(6,085,563)	(6,085,563)								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,085,563)	(6,085,563)								
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (150,826)	2,762,717	\$ 2,913,543							
Fund balances at beginning of year		107,661,743	·							
FUND BALANCES										
AT END OF YEAR		\$ 110,424,460								
	. :	Ψ 110,424,400	•							

	ions and Maintenance	Fund		Transportation Fund	1	
Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
\$ 29,061,687	\$ 28,884,803	\$ (176,884) - -	\$ 6,437,528 5,456,000	\$ 6,429,487 4,706,996	\$ (8,041 (749,004	
29,061,687	28,884,803	(176,884)	11,893,528	11,136,483	(757,045	
31,653,029	33,105,794	(1,452,765)	11,374,650	11,216,966	- 157,684	
200,000		200,000	100,000		100,000	
31,853,029	33,105,794	(1,252,765)	11,474,650	11,216,966	257,684	
(2,791,342)	(4,220,991)	(1,429,649)	418,878	(80,483)	(499,361	
3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-		
3,000,000	3,000,000					
\$ 208,658	(1,220,991)	\$ (1,429,649)	\$ 418,878	(80,483)	\$ (499,36)	
	16,642,806			6,270,176		
	\$ 15,421,815			\$ 6,189,693		

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND, DEBT SERVICE FUND AND FIRE PREVENTION AND SAFETY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund									
	0	riginal and Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over/Under					
REVENUES										
Local sources	\$	6,959,252	\$	7,020,054	\$	60,802				
Federal sources		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>				
Total Revenues		6,959,252		7,020,054		60,802				
EXPENDITURES										
Current operating:										
Instruction		2,810,000		2,916,705		(106,705)				
Support services		4,527,250		4,594,595		(67,345)				
Community services		-		51,035		(51,035)				
Principal retirement		-		-		-				
Interest on bonds										
Total Expenditures		7,337,250		7,562,335		(225,085)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		(377,998)		(542,281)		164,283				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		. —		-		-				
Transfers out										
Total other financing sources (uses)			<u> </u>		·					
Net changes in fund balance	\$	(377,998)		(542,281)	\$	164,283				
Fund balances at beginning of year				4,044,595						
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR				3,502,314						

	Debt Service Fund		Fire P	revention and Safet	y Fund
Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
\$ 250 435,723	\$ 1,566,411 420,799	\$ 1,566,161 (14,924)	\$ -	\$ - -	\$
435,973	1,987,210	1,551,237			<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
1,830,000 1,720,098	2,330,000 1,745,844	(500,000) (25,746)	-	-	-
1,720,098	1,743,044	(23,740)			<u> </u>
3,550,098	4,075,844	(525,746)	_	. <u> </u>	<u>_</u>
(3,114,125)	(2,088,634)	1,025,491		. <u> </u>	
3,085,563	3,085,563	-	-	-	. . .
3,085,563	3,085,563				
\$ (28,562)	996,929	\$ 1,025,491	\$	-	<u> </u>
	452,899			1,025,093	
	<u>\$ 1,449,828</u>			\$ 1,025,093	

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2014

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets for all Governmental Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments.

The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1 the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. On or before the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund without Board of Education approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education following the public hearing process mandated by law. The budget, which was not amended, was adopted on June 17, 2013.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental Funds.
- 6. The District has adopted a legal budget for all its Governmental Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the individual fund level, therefore, actual expenditures for the governmental funds may not legally exceed the total budgeted for such funds. However, under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.
- 7. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2014

Excess of Expenditures Over Budgets in Individual Funds and Account:

Expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount in the following Fund and Account:

	·	Budget Actual			Excess
General Fund - Educational Account	\$	200,907,903	\$	242,823,835	\$ 41,915,932
Operations and Maintenance Fund		31,853,029		33,105,794	1,252,765
IMRF/Social Security Fund		7,337,250		7,562,335	225,085
Debt Service Fund		3,550,098		4,075,844	525,746

The expenditure variance was sufficiently absorbed by surpluses that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year and were approved by the Board of Education. Under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.

Budget Reconciliations

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds (GAAP basis) includes "on-behalf" payments received and made for the amounts contributed by the State of Illinois for the employer's share of the Teacher's Retirement System pension. The District does not budget for these amounts. The differences between the budget and GAAP basis are as follows:

	Revenues	F	Expenditures
General Fund Budgetary Basis	\$ 206,764,649	\$	197,916,369
To adjust for on-behalf payments received	44,907,466		-
To adjust for on-behalf payments made	-		44,907,466
General Fund GAAP Basis	\$ 251,672,115	\$	242,823,835

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 BALANCE SHEET BY ACCOUNT GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS		Educational	 Working Cash	<u>I</u> ı	Tort nmunity		Total General
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	126,738,589	\$ 5,208,698	\$	568,618	\$	132,515,905
Property taxes Due from other governments		88,243,140 2,818,028	 1,012,821	1	,028,751 		90,284,712 2,818,028
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	217,799,757	\$ 6,221,519	\$1	,597,369	\$	225,618,645
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I	FUNI	D BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	10,565,398	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,565,398
Accrued salaries and related expenditures		15,387,023	 				15,387,023
Total Liabilities	. <u></u>	25,952,421	 		-		25,952,421
Deferred inflows: Unearned revenue		87,237,085	 994,518]	1,010,161	<u>. </u>	89,241,764
Fund balances: Committed		17,173,783	-		-		17,173,783
Restricted Unassigned		87,436,468	 - 5,227,001		587,208		587,208 92,663,469
Total Fund Balances		104,610,251	 5,227,001	·	587,208		110,424,460
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES		217,799,757	\$ 6,221,519	\$	1,597,369	\$	225,618,645

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY ACCOUNT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Educational		Working Educational Cash		Tort Immunity	<u> </u>	Total General	
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	181,310,428	\$	994,519	\$ 1,852,567	\$	184,157,514	
State sources		60,846,292		-	-		60,846,292	
Federal sources	· · · · ·	6,668,309				·	6,668,309	
Total Revenues		248,825,029		994,519	1,852,567		251,672,115	
EXPENDITURES		k						
Current operating:								
Instruction		173,897,422		-	-		173,897,422	
Support services		61,019,044		-	1,378,409		62,397,453	
Community services		499,708		-	-		499,708	
Non-programmed charges		6,029,252		-			6,029,252	
Total Expenditures		241,445,426		· <u>-</u>	1,378,409		242,823,835	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		7,379,603	<u> </u>	994,519	474,158		8,848,280	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(6,085,563)		_	_		(6,085,563)	
Tuibiois out		(0,005,505)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(0,005,505)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,085,563)			-		(6,085,563)	
Net changes in fund balance		1,294,040		994,519	474,158		2,762,717	
Fund balances at beginning of year		103,316,211		4,232,482	113,050		107,661,743	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	104,610,251	\$	5,227,001	\$ 587,208		110,424,460	

-	_			2014				
	Final					Variance		2013
-		Budget		Actual		Over/Under		Actual
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	170,146,658	\$	170,600,950	\$	454,292	\$	167,018,934
Corporate replacement tax		2,000,000		2,322,244		322,244		1,891,668
Other payments in lieu of tax		420,000		-		(420,000)		-
Tuition		725,000		710,764		(14,236)		735,751
Earnings on investments		127,500		287,770		160,270		208,679
Food services		3,900,000		3,534,766		(365,234)		3,478,212
Pupil activities and textbooks		3,235,000		3,044,698		(190,302)		2,891,011
Services provided other LEA's		-		329,786		329,786		325,981
Other		2,425,000		479,450		(1,945,550)		2,957,941
Total local sources		182,979,158		181,310,428		(1,668,730)		179,508,177
State sources:			,					
Unrestricted:								
General state aid		5,740,594		6,155,769		415,175		6,130,450
Restricted:						,		
Other grants-in-aid	•	950,000		752,090		(197,910)		937,816
Special education		7,550,000		7,906,625		356,625		9,677,226
Summer school		50,000		-		(50,000)		15,329
Bilingual education		215,000		378,052		163,052		217,581
Vocational education		50,000		157,119		107,119		175,075
Prekindergarten program for at risk studer		450,000		450,604		604		450,604
School lunch aid		30,000		13,198		(16,802)		17,402
Driver education		122,000		108,050		(13,950)		167,250
On behalf payments - State of Illinois				44,907,466		44,907,466		33,980,906
Unallocated		12,000		17,319		5,319		13,001
Total state sources		15,169,594		60,846,292		45,676,698		51,782,640
Federal sources:								
Restricted:								
Title I		570,000		863,855		293,855		353,223
Education for handicapped		4,085,000		3,885,243		(199,757)		4,320,660
School lunch programs		906,000		1,051,478		145,478		991,200
Title II		275,500		225,184		(50,316)		345,374
Title III		118,750		130,322		11,572		141,984
Medicaid matching/administrative outreac		900,000		436,258		(463,742)		741,741
Other		22,800		75,969		53,169	•	64,942
Total federal sources	\$	6,878,050	\$	6,668,309	\$	(209,741)		6,959,124

			2014	· · ·		
		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	2013 Actual	
Total revenues	\$	205,026,802	\$ 248,825,029	\$ 43,798,227	\$	238,249,941
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs:						
Salaries		64,877,751	64,713,743	164,008		63,279,613
Employee benefits		18,465,278	16,985,444	1,479,834		18,814,337
On behalf payments		-	44,907,466	(44,907,466)		33,980,906
Purchased services		1,273,270	1,294,552	(21,282)		1,402,722
Supplies and materials		4,226,312	5,604,332	(1,378,020)		5,870,833
Capital outlay Other		2,131,036	1,054,661	1,076,375		417,252
Ouler		5,000	6,296	(1,296)		4,886
Total		90,978,647	134,566,494	(43,587,847)	<u></u>	123,770,549
Special education programs:				· .		
Salaries		17,406,761	17,273,100	133,661		15,951,593
Employee benefits		4,925,092	4,498,245	426,847		4,783,716
Purchased services		226,756	277,903	(51,147)		178,799
Supplies and materials		406,038	188,656	217,382		786,623
Capital outlay		25,000	4,054	20,946		6,585
Other		12,200	9,596	2,604		9,748
Total		23,001,847	22,251,554	750,293		21,717,064
Educationally deprived/remedial progra	ams:					
Salaries		-	-	-		680,701
Employee benefits		-				64,303
Total						745,004
Vocational programs:						
Salaries		3,174,656	3,139,392	35,264		3,054,293
Employee benefits		900,191	865,232	34,959		920,589
Purchased services		9,800	5,196	4,604		6,801
Supplies and materials		165,701	182,861	(17,160)		140,963
Capital outlay		85,300	34,262	51,038		88,340
Other		21,050	26,738	(5,688)		18,748
Total	\$	4,356,698	\$ 4,253,681	\$ 103,017	_\$	4,229,734

	2014						
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under		2013 Actual
Interscholastic programs:							
Salaries	\$	3,057,822	\$	3,159,655	\$ (101,833)	\$	3,133,170
Employee benefits		438,455		528,504	(90,049)		491,434
Purchased services		299,293		238,589	60,704		244,643
Supplies and materials		123,268		140,649	(17,381)		148,676
Capital outlay		3,000		2,450	550		455
Other		75,232		108,485	(33,253)		124,284
Total		3,997,070		4,178,332	(181,262)		4,142,662
Summer school:							
Salaries		883,568		682,925	200,643		878,689
Employee benefits		2,415		24,816	(22,401)		21,629
Purchased services		16,300			16,300		
Supplies and materials		32,649		21,098	11,551		28,527
Total		934,932		728,839	206,093		928,845
Gifted:							
Salaries		2,078,124		2,188,126	(110,002)		2,048,115
Employee benefits		602,355		644,570	(42,215)		653,474
Total		2,680,479		2,832,696	(152,217)		2,701,589
Bilingual:							
Salaries		3,450,068		4,013,820	(563,752)		3,315,085
Employee benefits		677,983		1,032,500	(354,517)		933,749
Supplies and materials		26,873		28,668	(1,795)		26,744
Total		4,154,924		5,074,988	(920,064)		4,275,578
Truant's altern & optional programming							
Salaries		7,500		8,468	(968)		9,819
Employee benefits		7,500		8,408 2,370	(2,370)		9,819 3,061
				2,570	(2,370)		5,001
Total		7,500		10,838	(3,338)		12,880
Total instruction	\$	130,112,097	<u> </u>	173,897,422	\$ (43,785,325)	\$	162,523,905

		2014		
	Final		Variance	2013
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Support services:				
Pupils:				
Attendance and social work:				
Salaries	\$ 2,481,694	\$ 2,558,274	\$ (76,580)	\$ 2,386,692
Employee benefits	717,684	677,005	40,679	644,892
Purchased services	8,000	3,800	4,200	7,459
Supplies and materials	6,000	9,844	(3,844)	10,543
Total	3,213,378	3,248,923	(35,545)	3,049,586
Guidance services:			2	
Salaries	3,607,222	3,057,666	549,556	3,396,925
Employee benefits	904,912	760,284	144,628	837,931
Purchased services	12,000	9,645	2,355	2,375
Supplies and materials	6,600	7,050	(450)	6,564
Total	4,530,734	3,834,645	696,089	4,243,795
Health services:			· .	
Salaries	2,356,541	2,675,717	(319,176)	2,385,200
Employee benefits	533,382	509,693	23,689	548,068
Purchased services	16,600	3,296	13,304	3,140
Supplies and materials	22,000	24,593	(2,593)	21,863
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000	
Total	2,933,523	3,213,299	(279,776)	2,958,271
Psychological services:				
Salaries	1,780,450	1,765,429	15,021	1,749,298
Employee benefits	436,593	497,503	(60,910)	530,241
Purchased services	10,000	4,700	5,300	14,445
Supplies and materials	5,000	4,878	122	21,024
Total	2,232,043	2,272,510	(40,467)	2,315,008
Speech pathology and audiology services:				
Salaries	2,483,924	2,866,465	(382,541)	2,642,017
Employee benefits	590,441	772,349	(181,908)	708,285
Purchased services	50,000	91,897	(41,897)	80,700
Supplies and materials	28,890	26,328	2,562	14,448_
Total	\$ 3,153,255	\$ 3,757,039	\$ (603,784)	\$ 3,445,450

	2014							
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under			2013 Actual
Other support services:								
Salaries	\$	139,315	\$	95,632	\$	43,683	\$	91,652
Employee benefits	Ψ	8,916	Ψ	14,599	Ψ	(5,683)	Ψ	14,220
Purchased services		200,000		119,672		80,328		231,495
Total		348,231		229,903		118,328	<u> </u>	337,367
Total pupils		16,411,164		16,556,319		(145,155)		16,349,477
Instructional staff:								
Improvement of instruction services:								
Salaries		3,986,127		4,305,200		(319,073)		3,781,214
Employee benefits		885,859		1,032,991		(147,132)		918,252
Purchased services		499,694		363,987		135,707		363,386
Supplies and materials		455,543		326,901		128,642		228,322
Capital outlay		426,000		327,199		98,801		236,674
Other		178,700	<u> </u>	147,772		30,928		123,332
Total	<u>.</u>	6,431,923		6,504,050		(72,127)		5,651,180
Educational media services:								
Salaries		3,261,413		3,344,323		(82,910)		3,268,865
Employee benefits		980,836		952,105		28,731		1,015,544
Purchased services		50,000		55,059		(5,059)		33,903
Supplies and materials		249,370		309,751		(60,381)		315,124
Capital outlay		200,000		133,997		66,003		71,768
Total		4,741,619		4,795,235		(53,616)		4,705,204
Assessment and testing:								
Salaries		247,691		318,817		(71,126)		273,676
Employee benefits		66,829		93,256		(26,427)		85,022
Purchased services		157,080		283,683		(126,603)		172,405
Supplies and materials		68,800		56,191		12,609		90,333
Other		3,000		450		2,550	 	2,746
Total		543,400		752,397		(208,997)		624,182
Total instructional staff	\$	11,716,942	\$	12,051,682	\$	(334,740)	\$	10,980,566
		Final			v	ariance		2013
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		Budget		Actual		er/Under		Actual
General administration:								
Board of education:								
Salaries	\$	168,404	\$	115,954	\$	52,450	\$	109,947
Employee benefits	+	23,699	÷	26,151	*	(2,452)	Ψ	24,353
Purchased services		751,500		615,262		136,238		861,385
Supplies and materials		59,800		42,523		17,277		42,039
Other		67,500		65,344		2,156		67,334
Total	e	1,070,903		865,234		205,669		1,105,058
Executive administration:		,						
Salaries		821,342		943,680		(122,338)		725,262
Employee benefits		171,474		218,426		(46,952)		158,133
Purchased services		89,000		24,699		64,301		22,978
Supplies and materials		26,500		24,857		1,643		18,692
Capital outlay				,				167
Other		8,000		13,497		(5,497)		8,231
Total		1,116,316		1,225,159		(108,843)	<u></u>	933,463
Special area adminstration services:								
Salaries		1,078,201		1,002,449		75,752		1,125,861
Employee benefits		279,065		246,784		32,281		278,294
Purchased services		17,000		17,519		(519)		2,870
Supplies and materials		16,000		8,050		7,950		12,073
Capital outlay		5,000				5,000		
Total		1,395,266		1,274,802		120,464		1,419,098
Total general administration	\$	3,582,485	\$	3,365,195	\$	217,290	\$	3,457,619

			 2014				
		Final Budget	 Actual		/ariance ver/Under		2013 Actual
School administration: Office of the principal: Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Other	\$	7,339,573 2,160,360 88,415 11,500 - 13,000	\$ 7,366,647 2,090,547 91,146 9,219 - 13,159	\$	(27,074) 69,813 (2,731) 2,281 (159)	\$	7,375,030 2,164,924 110,245 11,893 13,090
Total		9,612,848	 9,570,718		42,130		9,675,182
Other support services school administratic Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services	on:	1,493,806 339,179	 1,476,559 422,113 85,000		17,247 (82,934) (85,000)		1,439,968 398,722
Total		1,832,985	 1,983,672		(150,687)	·	1,838,690
Total school administration		11,445,833	 11,554,390		(108,557)		11,513,872
Business: Director of business support services: Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Other		161,548 36,462 4,500 1,000 1,500	 170,972 39,781 - -		(9,424) (3,319) 4,500 1,000 1,500		186,974 30,445 3,376 - 40
Total		205,010	 210,753		(5,743)		220,835
Fiscal services: Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Capital outlay Other		547,086 98,936 81,000 6,500 30,000 2,000	 554,081 140,036 87,946 4,103 26,640 955		(6,995) (41,100) (6,946) 2,397 3,360 1,045		521,773 133,437 71,079 4,176 2,938,243 860
Total		765,522	\$ 813,761	_\$	(48,239)	\$	3,669,568

				2014			
		Final Budget		Actual	(Variance Dver/Under	 2013 Actual
			÷				
Operation and maintenance of plant servi	ices:						
Purchased services	\$	789,844	\$	1,280,474	\$	(490,630)	\$ 802,931
Supplies and materials		39,070		41,820		(2,750)	251,876
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	155,000		1,239,625		(1,084,625)	 150,046
Total		983,914	<u> </u>	2,561,919		(1,578,005)	 1,204,853
Food services:							
Salaries		600,000		712,722		(112,722)	635,324
Employee benefits		100,000		153,882		(53,882)	149,547
Purchased services		4,326,000		4,020,480		305,520	4,055,831
Supplies and materials		35,500		66,364		(30,864)	37,207
Capital outlay		45,000		29,834		15,166	57,207
Other				637		(637)	 672
Total		5,106,500		4,983,919	<u>.</u>	122,581	 4,878,581
Internal services:						÷	
Salaries		159,570		139,945		19,625	149,227
Employee benefits		10,801		48,382		(37,581)	47,578
Supplies and materials	<u> </u>	75,000		70,706		4,294	
Total		245,371		259,033		(13,662)	 196,805
Total business		7,306,317		8,829,385		(1,523,068)	10,170,642
Central:							
Planning, R&D, and evaluation:							
Salaries		15,340		15 720		(200)	16.020
Employee benefits				15,730		(390)	15,039
Employee benefits		19,638		5,594		14,044	 5,666
Total	\$	34,978	\$	21,324	\$	13,654	\$ 20,705

				2014				
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance ver/Under		2013 Actual
								······
Information services:	•							
Salaries	\$	86,437	\$	54,595	\$	31,842	\$	84,723
Employee benefits		6,420		7,248		(828)		26,496
Purchased services		102,000		59,289		42,711		92,608
Supplies and materials		10,000		6,475		3,525		5,266
Other	·	2,300	~~~~~	263		2,037		1,370
Total		207,157		127,870		79,287		210,463
Staff services:								
Salaries		737,796		792,002		(54,206)		792,549
Employee benefits		2,088,213		1,936,499		(54,200)		1,947,266
Purchased services		138,170		1,950,499		(22,917)		
Supplies and materials		11,500		5,086		(22,917) 6,414		132,056
Other		5,700		3,280		•		7,803
Other		5,700		5,280	·	2,420		3,698
Total	<u> </u>	2,981,379		2,897,954		83,425		2,883,372
Data processing services:								
Salaries		1,684,858		1,891,727		(206,869)		1,665,611
Employee benefits		308,937		363,945		(55,008)		307,819
Purchased services		645,900		631,519		14,381		671,307
Supplies and materials		1,563,390		1,465,975		97,415		1,621,202
Capital outlay		2,022,000		433,491		1,588,509		239,679
Other		15,000		3,019		1,588,509		2,464
		15,000		5,017		11,701		2,404
Total		6,240,085		4,789,676		1,450,409		4,508,082
Total central	- 	9,463,599		7,836,824	<u></u>	1,626,775		7,622,622
Other support services:								
Salaries		263,720		287,946		(24,226)		257,284
Employee benefits		69,612		71,921		(2,309)		237,204
Purchased services		447,000		452,819		(5,819)		453,719
Supplies and materials		1,500		6,713		(5,213)		84,805
Capital outlay		1,500		5,850		(5,850)		04,005
Suprar Sanay			~~~~			(3,050)		
Total	<u> </u>	781,832		825,249		(43,417)		795,808
Total support services	\$	60,708,172	\$	61,019,044	\$	(310,872)	_\$	60,890,606

		2014			
	 Final Budget	 Actual	. (Variance)ver/Under	 2013 Actual
Community services:					
Salaries	\$ 336,028	\$ 330,377	\$	5,651	\$,
Employee benefits	91,356	59,862		31,494	71,895
Purchased services	51,232	38,027		13,205	25,813
Supplies and materials	92,362	65,628		26,734	59,279
Other	-	 5,814		(5,814)	 5,300
Total community services	 570,978	 499,708		71,270	 483,187
Non-programmed charges:					
Payments for regular programs:					
Other	 183,000	 143,948		39,052	 -
Total	 183,000	 143,948		39,052	
Payments for special education programs:				570.050	6 176 076
Other	 6,658,656	 5,885,304		773,352	 6,476,856
Total	 6,658,656	 5,885,304		773,352	 6,476,856
Provision for contingencies	 1,100,000	 		1,100,000	
Total non-programmed charges	 7,941,656	 6,029,252		1,912,404	 6,476,856
Total expenditures	 199,332,903	 241,445,426		(42,112,523)	230,374,554
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 5,693,899	\$ 7,379,603		1,685,704	\$ 7,875,387

			 2014	 		
		Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Ver/Under		2013 Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(6,085,563)	 (6,085,563)	 -		(6,676,233)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,085,563)	 (6,085,563)	 	<u> </u>	(6,676,233)
Net changes in fund balance	\$	(391,664)	1,294,040	\$ 1,685,704		1,199,154
Fund balance at beginning of year			 103,316,211			102,117,057
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR			 104,610,251		\$	103,316,211

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL WORKING CASH ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

		2014		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	2013 Actual
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Property taxes	-	994,519	994,519	-
Earnings on investments	2,000		(2,000)	-
Total local sources	2,000	994,519	(2,000)	<u> </u>
Total revenues	2,000	994,519	(2,000)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 2,000	994,519	\$ (2,000)	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	. · · ·	4,232,482		4,232,482
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 5,227,001		\$ 4,232,482

			 2014	-			
		Final Budget	 Actual		Variance ver/Under		2013 Actual
REVENUES Local sources: Property taxes Earnings on investments Other	\$	1,738,338 500 75,000	\$ 1,850,963 1,604	\$	112,625 1,104 (75,000)	\$	1,622,103 1,905
Total local sources		1,813,838	 1,852,567		38,729	·=	1,624,008
Total revenues		1,813,838	 1,852,567		38,729	<u></u>	1,624,008
EXPENDITURES Current operating: Support services: Workers compensation insurance: Purchased services		1,000,000	749,995		250,005		1,881,316
Total		1,000,000	 749,995		250,005		1,881,316
Unemployment insurance payments Purchased services		50,000	 118,771		(68,771)		
Total		50,000	 118,771		(68,771)		
Insurance payments (regular or self-insurance) Purchased services		350,000	 495,095		(145,095)		<u> </u>
Total		350,000	 495,095		(145,095)		
Risk management and claims services paymer Purchased services	ents:	20,000	 14,548		5,452		
Total		20,000	 14,548		5,452	<u></u>	
Property insurance: Purchased services		50,000	 		50,000		
Total		50,000	 		50,000		
Vehicle insurance: Purchased services		30,000	 		30,000		
Total		30,000	 	<u></u>	30,000		
Total support services	\$	1,500,000	 1,378,409	\$	121,591		1,881,316

	 	<u>.</u>	2014				
	 Final Budget		Actual	-	ariance er/Under		2013 Actual
Provision for contingencies	\$ 75,000	\$			75,000	_\$	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	 1,575,000		1,378,409		196,591		1,881,316
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 238,838		474,158	\$	235,320		(257,308)
Fund balance at beginning of year			113,050				370,358
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$	587,208				113,050

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

			·					
		Final				Variance		2013
		Budget		Actual)ver/Under		Actual
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	28,236,137	\$	28,161,782	\$	(74,355)	\$	25,938,177
Pupil activities - fees	Ψ	65,000	Ψ	60,535	Ψ	(4,465)	Ψ	58,993
Impact fees from other governments		10,000		-		(10,000)		
Earnings on investments		10,250		6,153		(4,097)		15,047
Rentals		530,000		432,607		(97,393)		475,793
Other		210,300		223,726		13,426		39,629
				220,720		10,120		
Total local sources		29,061,687		28,884,803		(176,884)		26,527,639
Total revenues		29,061,687		28,884,803		(176,884)		26,527,639
EXPENDITURES								
Current operating:								
Operations and maintenance of plant service	es:							
Salaries		8,298,863		8,267,774		31,089		8,059,903
Employee benefits		2,012,700		1,997,044		15,656		1,991,565
Purchased services		2,413,150		3,021,063		(607,913)		2,948,259
Supplies and materials		4,281,000		5,131,148		(850,148)		4,672,028
Capital outlay		14,635,316		14,629,630		5,686		7,218,637
Other		12,000		59,135		(47,135)		13,227
		*		······				······
Total		31,653,029		33,105,794		(1,452,765)		24,903,619
Total support services		31,653,029		33,105,794		(1,452,765)		24,903,619
Provision for contingencies	\$	200,000	\$		\$	200,000	\$	

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

				2014		,		
		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over/Under			2013 Actual
Total expenditures	\$.	31,853,029	\$	33,105,794	_\$	(1,252,765)	\$.	24,903,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u></u>	(2,791,342)		(4,220,991)	·	(1,429,649)		1,624,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in)	3,000,000		3,000,000				3,600,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,000,000		3,000,000				3,600,000
Net changes in fund balance	\$	208,658		(1,220,991)	\$	(1,429,649)		5,224,020
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year				16,642,806				11,418,786
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF	YEA	R	\$	15,421,815			\$	16,642,806

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRANSPORTATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

			2014	 	
		Final		/ariance	 2013
		Budget	 Actual	 ver/Under	 Actual
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Property taxes	\$	6,082,028	\$ 6,194,555	\$ 112,527	\$ 5,835,166
Transportation fees from pupils or parents		235,000	8,284	(226,716)	5,600
Transportation fees from private sources		-	71,707	71,707	53,877
Transportation fees from co-curricular		-	153,881	153,881	168,547
Transportation fees - other sources		-	-	-	92,189
Earnings on investments		500	135	(365)	62
Other		120,000	 925	 (119,075)	 565
Total local sources	<u> </u>	6,437,528	 6,429,487	 (8,041)	 6,156,006
State sources:					
Restricted:					
Transportation aid		5,456,000	 4,706,996	 (749,004)	 6,791,021
Total state sources		5,456,000	 4,706,996	 (749,004)	 6,791,021
Total revenues		11,893,528	 11,136,483	 (757,045)	 12,947,027
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
Support services:					
Pupil transportation services:					
Salaries		3,930,000	3,775,013	154,987	3,578,682
Employee benefits		1,252,950	1,163,957	88,993	1,254,454
Purchased services		3,276,400	3,435,723	(159,323)	3,495,780
Supplies and materials		1,133,000	1,069,143	63,857	964,681
Capital outlay		1,782,000	1,772,930	9,070	1,124,142
Other		300	 200	 100	 195
Total support services		11,374,650	 11,216,966	 157,684	 10,417,934
Provision for contingencies	\$	100,000	\$ 	 100,000	\$

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRANSPORTATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

	 		2014	 	
	 Final Budget	, . ,	Actual	Variance ver/Under	 2013 Actual
Total expenditures	\$ 11,474,650	\$	11,216,966	\$ 157,684	\$ 10,417,934
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 418,878		(80,483)	 (499,361)	2,529,093
Fund balance at beginning of year			6,270,176		 3,741,083
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$	6,189,693		\$ 6,270,176

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

				2014				
		Final				Variance		2013
		Budget		Actual	(Over/Under		Actual
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	6,729,052	\$	3,343,562	\$	(3,385,490)	\$	3,240,344
Social security/medicare only levy		-		3,526,343		3,526,343	•	3,247,148
Replacement taxes		230,000		150,000		(80,000)		150,000
Earnings on investments	·····	200		149		(51)		69
Total local sources		6,959,252		7,020,054		60,802		6,637,561
Total revenues		6,959,252		7,020,054		60,802		6,637,561
EXPENDITURES								
Current operating:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		1,850,000		1,182,367		667,633		968,653
Special education programs		720,000		1,268,388		(548,388)		1,170,947
Educationally deprived/remedial programs	3	75,000		116,030		(41,030)		117,061
Vocational programs		-		55,145		(55,145)		50,050
Interscholastic programs		-		86,971		(86,971)		73,630
Summer school programs		-		30,467		(30,467)		46,032
Gifted programs		62,000		67,833		(5,833)		70,200
Bilingual programs		103,000		109,388		(6,388)		119,985
Truant's alternative and optional programs			·	116		(116)		128
Total instruction		2,810,000		2,916,705		(106,705)		2,616,686
Support services:								
Pupils:								
Attendance and social work services		17,200		64,008		(46,808)		55,308
Guidance services		36,000		61,974		(25,974)		68,730
Health services		148,000		315,233		(167,233)		261,531
Psychological services		-		26,078		(26,078)		25,647
Speech pathology and audiology services		-		56,195		(56,195)		30,471
Other				3,270		(3,270)		2,987
Total pupils	\$	201,200	_\$	526,758	\$	(325,558)	\$	444,674

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

-		 2014				
	Final		V	/ariance		2013
-	 Budget	 Actual	0	/er/Under		Actual
Instructional staff:						
Improvement of instruction services	\$ 23,500	\$ 87,258	\$	(63,758)	\$	80,713
Education media	220,000	241,830		(21,830)		227,755
Assessment and testing		 40,766		(40,766)		34,426
Total instructional staff	 243,500	 369,854		(126,354)		342,894
General administration:						
Board of education services	8,500	28,060		(19,560)		24,983
Executive administration services	32,500	37,673		(5,173)		30,759
Special area administration services	43,000	 45,505		(2,505)		47,102
Total general administration	 84,000	 111,238	<u> </u>	(27,238)	· · ·	102,844
School administration:						,
Office of the principal services	510,000	540,183		(30,183)		516,723
Other support services	 42,000	 48,784		(6,784)		45,660
Total school administration	 552,000	 588,967		(36,967)		562,383
Business:						
Director of business support services		2,433		(2,433)		2,622
Fiscal services	80,000	111,471		(31,471)		102,741
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,911,550	1,546,566		364,984		1,453,958
Pupil transportation services	1,100,000	718,571		381,429		702,800
Food services	-	61,695		(61,695)		52,715
Internal services	 60,000	 25,939		34,061		24,847
Total business	 3,151,550	 2,466,675		684,875		2,339,683
Central:						
Planning, R&D, and evaluation services	_	214		(214)		198
Information services	15,000	10,356		4,644		16,036
Staff services	60,000	130,089		(70,089)		127,664
Data processing services	 220,000	 337,704		(117,704)	•	288,688
Total central	\$ 295,000	\$ 478,363		(183,363)	\$	432,586

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

				2014				
		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over/Under			2013 Actual
Other:	•			/ _		<i>/</i> - <i>·</i> · · ·		
Other support services	_\$	-	\$	52,740	\$	(52,740)		48,317
Total other				52,740		(52,740)		48,317
Total support services		4,527,250		4,594,595		(67,345)		4,273,381
Community services				51,035		(51,035)	<u> </u>	54,597
Total expenditures		7,337,250		7,562,335		(225,085)	<u> </u>	6,944,664
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$	(377,998)		(542,281)	\$	(164,283)		(307,103)
Fund balance at beginning of year				4,044,595				4,351,698
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR				3,502,314				4,044,595

				2014				
	Final Budget			Actual		Variance ver/Under		2013 Actual
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	1,566,367	\$	1,566,367	\$	-
Earnings on investments		250		44		(206)		
Total local sources		250		1,566,411		1,566,161		
Federal sources: Unrestricted:								
Bond interest reimbursement	435	,723		420,799		(14,924)		451,359
Total federal sources	435	,723		420,799		(14,924)		451,359
Total revenues	435	,973		1,987,210		1,551,237		451,359
EXPENDITURES Debt service:								
Principal retirement	1,830	,000		2,330,000		(500,000)		1,790,000
Interest on bonds	1,719	,098		1,744,844		(25,746)		1,764,742
Purchased services	1	,000		1,000				1,000
Total expenditures	3,550	,098		4,075,844		(525,746)	<u> </u>	3,555,742
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						•		
over expenditures	(3,114	,125)		(2,088,634)		1,025,491		(3,104,383)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	3,085	,563		3,085,563		-		3,076,233
Total other financing sources	3,085	563		3,085,563				3,076,233
Total other interenting bources		,505		5,005,505		<i>•</i>		3,010,235
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (28	,562)		996,929	\$	1,025,491		(28,150)
Fund balance at beginning of year		· .		452,899				481,049
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		:	•\$	1,449,828			\$	452,899

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - FIRE PREVENTION AND SAFETY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2013

	 . <u></u>		2014				
	 Final Budget		Actual		riance r/Under	<u> </u>	2013 Actual
EXPENDITURES Current operating: Support services: Facilities acquisition and construction: Capital outlay	\$ 	_\$		\$		\$	
Total support services	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	 	<u></u>	<u>-</u> _		-		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$ 		-	\$			-
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,025,093				1,025,093
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR			1,025,093			\$	1,025,093

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND - AGENCY FUND - ACTIVITY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Ju	Balance aly 1, 2013	 Additions	<u> </u>	Deductions		Balance ne 30, 2014
Assets:							
Cash	\$	2,680,854	 5,336,348		5,176,343	\$	2,840,859
Liabilities:							
Due to organizations	\$	2,680,854	\$ 5,336,348	\$	5,176,343	\$	2,840,859

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

JUNE 30, 2014

	20	13	2	012	20	11	
Tax Levies and Collections Assessed valuation	\$ 4,143	,826,550	\$ 4,5	34,207,156	_\$	4,584,	207,156
Property tax extensions:							
Educational Fund	\$ 150	,006,148	\$ 10	56,634,619	\$	163.	572,332
Operations and Maintenance Fund	29	,006,413		28,236,137			976,684
Debt Service Fund		,132,733		-			313
Transportation Fund	6	,505,434		6,082,028		5,	,980,555
Municipal Retirement Fund	3	,432,246		3,364,526			230,987
Tort Immunity Fund	2	,020,321		1,738,338			554,773
Working Cash	1	,989,037		-			-
Special Education Fund	23	,290,880		5,862,039		3,	,178,312
Social Security Fund	3	,811,574		3,364,526		3	,228,419
Total levies extended	\$ 223	<u>,194,786</u>	<u>\$2</u>	15,282,213		210	,722,375
Total collected through June 30, 2013	¢	-	A		<u></u> ф	0.07	
Total collected in year ended June 30, 2013	\$	-		02,668,829	\$	207	,363,633
Total collections		,543,622		09,610,703	. <u></u>	207	-
	<u> </u>	,543,622	<u> </u>	12,279,532	\$	207	,363,633
Percentage of extensions collected	49.0	8%	98	3.61%	:	98.4	1%
	2013	Rate	201	2 Rate	2011	Rate	
	DuPage	Will	DuPage		Dul		Will
Rates extended by year of levy (per \$100 of: assessed valuation):	· · ·		<u> </u>	·			
Educational	3.6200	3.6199	3.8631	3.8631	36	487	3.5920
Operations and Maintenance	0.7000	0.6999	0.6546			486	0.5430
Debt Service	0.0756	0.0756	-	-	0.5	-	-
Transportation	0.1570	0.1569	0.1410		0.1	297	0.1284
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0829	0.0821	0.0780			724	0.0716
Tort Immunity	0.0488	0.0483	0.0403			350	0.0346
Special Education	0.5619	0.5637	0.1359			998	0.0987
Fire Prevention and Life Safety		-	-	-		-	-
Working Cash	0.0480	0.0480	-	-		_	-
Social Security	0.0920	0.0918	0.0780	0.0780	0.0	724	0.0716
Total rates extended	5.3862	5.3862	4.9909	4.9909	4.6	066	4.5399

Source of information: Dekalb County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports for 2009-2013

\$ 4,828,639,663	\$ 4,997,542,884
\$ 156,849,126	\$ 155,548,522
33,901,879	24,447,540
-	3,095,739
5,813,682	4,522,777
3,031,962	3,013,519
1,453,421	2,009,012
-	-
-	1,759,136
 3,031,962	 3,013,519
\$ 204,082,032	\$ 197,409,764
\$ 204,305,701	\$ 197,166,546
 	 · · ·
\$ 204,305,701	\$ 197,166,546
100.11%	 99.88%

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2010 Rate		2009 Rate	
DuPage	Will	DuPage	Will
3.2142	3.2142	3.1125	3.1125
0.7021	0.7021	0.4892	0.4891
-	- 1	0.0620	0.0614
0.1204	0.1204	0.0905	0.0905
0.0628	0.0627	0.0603	0.0603
0.0301	0.0301	0.0402	0.0402
0.0341	0.0342	0.0352	0.0352
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
0.0628	0.0627	0.0603	0.0603
4.2265	4.2264	3.9502	3.9495

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NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203

OPERATING COST AND TUITION CHARGE

JUNE 30, 2014

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Operating Cost Per Pupil	2014	2013	2012
Average Daily Attendance (ADA):	15,897	16,035	16,336
Operating Costs:			
Educational	\$ 196,537,960	\$ 196,393,648	\$ 190,314,611
Operations and Maintenance	33,105,794	24,903,619	34,707,528
Debt Service	4,075,844	3,555,742	3,665,710
Transportation	11,216,966	10,417,934	10,050,991
Municipal Retirement/Social Security	7,562,335	6,944,664	6,959,343
Tort	1,378,409	1,881,316	1,208,380
Subtotal	253,877,308	244,096,923	246,906,563
Less Revenue/Expenditures of Nonregular Programs:			
Pre-K programs	-	212,539	-
Summer school	759,306	974,877	1,116,942
Capital outlay	19,694,623	12,496,069	21,382,840
Debt principal retired	2,330,000	1,790,000	1,856,800
Community services	550,743	537,784	678,976
Payments to other districts & governmental units	6,029,252	6,476,856	6,331,255
Subtotal	29,363,924	22,488,125	31,366,813
Operating costs	\$ 224,513,384	\$ 221,608,798	\$ 215,539,750
Operating Cost Per Pupil - Based on ADA	\$ 14,123	\$ 13,820	\$ 13,194
Tuition Charge		*.	
Operating Costs	224,513,384	221,608,798	215,539,750
Less - revenues from specific programs, such			
as special eduation or lunch programs	27,002,949	31,887,087	28,670,129
Net operating costs	197,510,435	189,721,711	186,869,621
Depreciation allowance	13,855,236	12,782,999	11,322,177
Allowable Tuition Costs	\$ 211,365,671	\$ 202,504,710	\$ 198,191,798
Tuition Charge Per Pupil - Based on ADA	\$ 13,296	\$ 12,629	\$ 12,132

Source of information: Annual Financial Report

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 2008 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2014

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	PRI	NCIPAL	INT	INTEREST		ΓAL
2015	\$	-	\$	374,712	\$	374,712
2016	·	-		374,712		374,712
2017		-		374,712		374,712
2018		-		374,712		374,712
2019		-		374,712		374,712
2020		-		374,712		374,712
2021		-		374,712		374,712
2022		-		374,712		374,712
2023		-		374,712		374,712
2024		-		374,712		374,712
2025		1,510,000		374,712		1,884,712
2026		2,720,000		316,200		3,036,200
2027		2,830,000		210,800		3,040,800
2028	<u> </u>	2,440,000	 	97,600		2,537,600
Total	\$	9,500,000	\$	4,746,432	\$	14,246,432
Paying Agent:	Bon	d Trust Service	s Corpo	ration, Minnesc	ota	
Principal payment date:	Feb	ruary				
Interest payment dates:	Feb	ruary and Augu	st			
Interest rates:	3.87	75% - 4.000%				

NAPERVILLE COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 203 2009 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2014

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL	
2015	\$	1,880,000	\$	1,266,740	\$	3,146,740
2016		1,940,000	•	1,200,000	•	3,140,000
2017		2,000,000		1,103,000		3,103,000
2018		2,070,000		1,003,000		3,073,000
2019		2,130,000		899,500		3,029,500
2020		2,200,000		793,000		2,993,000
2021		2,270,000		683,000		2,953,000
2022		2,350,000		569,500		2,919,500
2023		2,430,000		452,000		2,882,000
2024		2,510,000		330,500		2,840,500
2025		1,080,000		205,000		1,285,000
2026		-		151,000		151,000
2027		-		151,000		151,000
2028		-		151,000		151,000
2029	s	3,020,000		151,000	<u> </u>	3,171,000
Total	\$	25,880,000	\$	9,109,240	\$	34,989,240
Paying Agent:	Bond Trust Services Corporation, Minnesota					
Principal payment date:	February 1					
Interest payment dates:	February 1 and August 1					
Interest rates:	1.50% to 5.00%					