

## 11th Grade - U.S. History

<i>Compelling Questions</i>	<i>Supporting Questions</i>
<b>Historiography:</b> How do we know what we think we know?	What is history? How do we determine historical fact? What types of sources do we use to determine historical credibility?
<b>American Revolution:</b> Who won the American Revolution?	What caused the American Revolution? Who did early American Democracy serve?
<b>Expansion:</b> To what extent was American expansion, at home and abroad, justified?	What was gained as a result of territorial expansion? What policies did the U.S. government implement towards Native Americans?
<b>Civil War:</b> Why is the American Civil War still controversial?	What caused the Civil War? How did the Civil War change the nation? What were the successes and failures of Reconstruction?
<b>Industrial Revolution:</b> How were Americans impacted by the country's industrial progress?	To what extent should Americans welcome migration? How did industrialization change the nation? How did the progressives address the political and social environmental consequences of modernization?
<b>Crisis and Conflict:</b> How should the United States balance conflicting domestic and international interests?	How did America's role in the world change in the beginning of the 20th century? How do economists of the 1920s and 1930s shape the government's role in a free-market economy? How did America's role change as a result of WWII?
<b>Communism and the Cold War:</b> Was the United States' reaction to communism justified?	How did the United States and the Soviet Union become Cold War adversaries? How did the Cold War affect life in the United States? What forces drove American foreign policy during the Cold War?
<b>Civil Rights Movements:</b> What are the most effective means to bring about social change?	What were the objectives and strategies of the Civil Rights Movement to achieve equity? How and why did the Civil Rights Movement expand?
<b>Modern America:</b> What role should the United States play in the modern world?	Why did the end of the Cold War spark a debate about the U.S. role in the world? How has globalization affected the United States' role in the world?

<b>Inquiry Skills</b>
<i>Developing Questions and Planning Inquiries</i>
<p><b>Constructing Essential Questions</b> SS.9-12.IS.1. Create actionable, student-driven (or student-informed) questions that lead to social studies investigations beyond one's immediate cultural environment or lens.</p>
<p><b>Constructing Supporting Questions</b> SS.9-12.IS.2. Develop culturally informed, student-driven supporting questions that contribute to inquiry and evaluate the purpose of supporting questions in the research and inquiry process.</p>
<p><b>Determining Helpful Sources</b> SS.9-12.IS.3. Develop new supporting and essential questions by primary and secondary investigation, collaboration, and use of sources that reflect diverse perspectives (e.g., political, cultural, socioeconomic, race, religious, gender).</p>
<i>Evaluating Sources and Using Evidence</i>
<p><b>Gathering and Evaluating Sources</b> SS.9-12.S.4. Determine the kinds of sources that will be helpful in answering compelling and supporting questions, taking into consideration multiple points of view represented in the sources, the types of sources available, and the potential uses of the sources.</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.5. Gather and evaluate information from multiple primary and secondary sources that reflect the perspectives and experiences of multiple groups, including marginalized groups.</p>
<p><b>Developing Claims and Using Evidence</b> SS.9-12.IS.6. Analyze evidence and identify counter perspectives to revise or strengthen claims</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.7. Construct arguments using precise and knowledgeable claims with evidence from multiple sources, while acknowledging counterclaims, perspectives, and biases.</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.8. Evaluate evidence to construct arguments and claims that use reasoning and account for multiple perspectives and value systems.</p>
<i>Communicating Conclusions and Taking Informed Action</i>
<p><b>Communicating Conclusions</b> SS.9-12.IS.9. Develop and prepare communication by identifying stakeholders (or audiences) and evaluate what messages and media are likely to result in stakeholder support or opposition.</p>
<p><b>Critiquing Conclusions</b> SS.9-12.IS.10. Solicit feedback from stakeholder representatives and revise communication and action plans accordingly.</p>
<p><b>Taking Informed Action</b> SS.9-12.IS.11. Use interdisciplinary lenses to identify local, regional, state, natural, or global concerns and anticipate the outcome possible solutions might have on all impacted communities, including marginalized communities.</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.12. Analyze existing structures, systems, and methodologies to determine what types of interventions or informed action will lead to increased equity, inclusion, and community and civic good.</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.13. Use deliberative processes and apply appropriate civic engagement strategies and procedures to address local, regional, or global concerns, and take action in or out of school.</p>
<p>SS.9-12.IS.14. Take measurable action to effect changes that bring about equity, inclusion, and the community and civic good.</p>

SS.9-12.IS.15. Evaluate the outcomes of informed action and reflect on successes and failures of interventions or informed action that will lead to increased equity, inclusion, and community and civic good.

### Civics Standards

#### Civic and Political Institutions

SS.9-12.CV.1. Distinguish between the rights, roles, powers, and responsibilities of individuals and institutions in the political system and analyze the marginalization of multiple groups and perspectives in that system.

SS.9-12.CV.2. Evaluate the opportunities and limitations of participation in elections, voting, and the electoral process, and the impact disenfranchisement has on these processes.

SS.9-12.CV.3. Analyze constitutions, laws, and agreements to determine the degree to which they achieve justice, equality, and liberty.

SS.9-12.CV.4. Evaluate the U.S. Constitution's ability to establish a system of government with power, responsibilities, and limits, and explain how the U.S. Constitution has evolved/changed over time and is still debated.

#### Participation and Deliberation: Applying Civic Virtues and Democratic Principles

SS.9-12.CV.5. Analyze civic dispositions, democratic principles, constitutional rights, and human rights and their impact on personal interests and multiple perspectives.

SS.9-12.CV.6. Identify and explain how political parties, the media, and public interest groups both influence and reflect social and political interests.

SS.9-12.CV.7. Compare and contrast the democratic concepts and principles inherent to the U.S. system of government.

#### Processes, Rules and Laws

SS.9-12.CV.8. Analyze the methods individuals can use to challenge laws to address a variety of public issues.

SS.9-12.CV.9. Evaluate public policies in terms of intended and unintended outcomes and related consequences on different communities, including the marginalization of multiple groups.

SS.9-12.CV.10. Explain the role of compromise and deliberation in the legislative process.

### Economics and Financial Literacy Standards

#### Economic Decision-Making

SS.9-12.EC.1. Analyze how scarcity and incentives influence the consumption choices for goods and services made by different individuals and communities and evaluate the role of scarcity, both from nature and human-made.

SS.9-12.EC.2. Use marginal benefits and marginal costs to propose solutions to a significant issue for an individual or community and evaluate the effectiveness of applying cost/marginal benefits to account for economic differences across multiple communities.

#### Exchange and Markets

SS.9-12.EC.3. Evaluate different market structures, including competitive markets, monopolies, and oligopolies; how those different market structures affect groups differently; examples of these markets in the United States; and the assumptions of each market type.

SS.9-12.EC.4. Evaluate how much competition exists within and among sellers and buyers within the markets to which the students or school community belong and other specific markets.

SS.9-12.EC.5. Use benefits and costs to evaluate the effectiveness of government policies to improve market outcomes.

SS.9-12.EC.6. Evaluate the extent to which specific government policies address inequalities, improve market outcomes, or reduce inefficiencies, and the unintended consequences of these policies for one's community and for diverse groups of people.

SS.9-12.EC.7. Analyze the ways in which market structures influence what is produced and distributed in a market system while accounting for disparity in both implementation and outcomes in one's own and other communities.

**The National and Global Economy**

SS.9-12.EC.8. Use data and economic indicators to analyze past and current states of the economy and predict future trends and economic conditions among multiple, diverse communities.

SS.9-12.EC.9. Compare the benefits and problems of different economic systems (e.g., capitalism, socialism, communism, mixed systems), particularly their impact on equitable outcomes.

SS.9-12.EC.10. Evaluate how government policies are influenced by and impact a variety of stakeholders.

SS.9-12.EC.11. Analyze how advances in technology and investment in capital goods and human capital affect economic growth and standards of living.

SS.9-12.EC.12. Analyze the role of comparative advantage in global trade of goods and services.

SS.9-12.EC.13. Explain how current and past globalization trends and policies affect economic growth, labor markets, rights of citizens, the environment, and resource and income distribution.

**Financial Literacy**

SS.9-12.EC.FL.1. Understand how costs and benefits can be subject to individual circumstances and factors outside of one's control.

S.9-12.EC.FL.2. Explain the importance of making informed financial decisions by collecting information, planning, and budgeting while accounting for individual circumstances that can limit access to capital.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.3. Explain how time, interest rates, and inflation influence saving patterns over a lifetime.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.4. Analyze costs and benefits of different credit and payment options for goods and services, the role of lenders and interest, and the impact of each on individuals and multiple communities.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.5. Evaluate risks and returns on diversified investments while accounting for the individual risk disposition among students.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.7. Analyze how the cognitive biases, environmental influences, and access to resources and necessities of an individual can impact financial decision-making and the application of economic decision-making strategies.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.8. Evaluate risk disposition and opportunity recognition for individual students and multiple communities, accounting for structural impacts on these dispositions.

SS.9-12.EC.FL.9. Evaluate the disparate impact of government and private business policies related to banking, credit, and mortgage lending in one's own and others' contexts while using current economic indicators to analyze or propose future policies.

**Geography Standards**

**Geographic Representations: Spatial Views of the World**

SS.9-12.G.1. Use maps (created using geospatial and related technologies, if possible), satellite images, and photographs to display and explain the spatial patterns of physical, cultural, political, economic, and environmental characteristics

SS.9-12.G.2. Explain how mapping is used to claim political sovereignty and to obscure disagreements over the nature of space, human relationship with place, and power to determine how humans interact with landscapes, animals, and plants.

SS.9-12.G.3. Use self-collected or pre-existing data sets to generate spatial patterns at multiple scales that can be used to conduct analysis or to take civic action.

**Human-Environment Interaction: Place, Regions, and Culture**

SS.9-12.G.4. Analyze data and trends at various scales to address inequalities in race, ethnicity, and gender across time and space.

SS.9-12.G.5. Analyze different ways of representing geographic information in order to compare cartographers' perspectives, biases, and goals.
SS.9-12.G.6. Analyze and explain how humans affect and interact with the environment and vice versa.
SS.9-12.G.7. Evaluate how political and economic decisions have influenced cultural and environmental characteristics of various places and regions.
SS.9-12.G.8. Analyze how human societies plan for and respond to the consequences of human-made and naturally occurring catastrophes and how these events affect trade, politics, and migration.
SS.9-12.G.9. Explain how landscape; use of land and resources; and means of interacting with land, animals, and plants each reflect cultural beliefs and identities.
<b>Human Population: Spatial Patterns and Movements</b>
SS.9-12.G.10. Analyze how historical events and the diffusion of ideas, technologies, and cultural practices have influenced migration patterns and the distribution of the human population.
SS.9-12.G.11. Evaluate how economic activities and political decisions impact spatial patterns at various scales.
SS.9-12.G.12. Evaluate how short- and long-term climate variability affects human migration and settlement patterns, use of land and resources, and relationship with the land.
<b>Global Interconnections: Changing Spatial Patterns</b>
SS.9-12.G.13. Describe and explain the characteristics that constitute culture.
SS.9-12.G.14. Explain how a person's identity (e.g., race, ethnicity, gender, sexuality, spirituality/religion, ability status, socioeconomic group) shapes and is shaped by worldview.
SS.9-12.G.15. Explain how characteristics of culture and measures of development shape an individual's worldview.
SS.9-12.G.16. Explain how globalization affects the cultural, political, economic, and environmental characteristics of a place or region.
SS.9-12.G.17. Evaluate how competition for scarce natural resources contributes to conflict and cooperation within and among countries.
<b>History Standards</b>
<b>Change, Continuity, and Context</b>
SS.9-12.H.1. Evaluate the context of time and place as well as structural factors that influence historical developments.
SS.9-12.H.3. Analyze change and continuity across historical eras and identify what perspectives have typically influenced how historical eras are constructed.
SS.9-12.H.3. Evaluate the methods used to promote change and the effects and outcomes of these methods on diverse groups of people.
SS.9-12.H.4. Analyze how people and institutions have interacted with environmental, scientific, technological, and societal challenges.
<b>Perspectives</b>
SS.9-12.H.5. Analyze the factors and historical context, including overarching movements, that influenced the perspectives of people during different historical eras.
SS.9-12.H.6. Analyze the concept and pursuit of the "American Dream" and identify the factors that could promote or present barriers to the pursuit of the "American Dream" for multiple groups of people.
SS.9-12.H.7. Identify and analyze the role of individuals, groups, and institutions in people's struggle for safety, freedom, equality, and justice.

SS.9-12.H.8. Analyze key historical events and contributions of individuals through a variety of perspectives, including those of historically underrepresented groups.

Historical Sources and Evidence

SS.9-12.H.9. Analyze the relationship between historical sources and the secondary interpretations made from them.

SS.9-12.H.10. Identify and analyze ways in which marginalized communities are represented in historical sources and seek out sources created by historically oppressed peoples

SS.9-12.H.11. Analyze primary and secondary historical sources from multiple vantage points and perspectives to identify and explain dominant narratives and counternarratives of historical events.

**Causation and Argument**

SS.9-12.H.12. Analyze the causes and effects of global conflicts and economic crises.

SS.9-12.H.13. Analyze multiple and complex causes and effects of events in the past

SS.9-12.H.14. Analyze the geographic and cultural forces that have resulted in conflict and cooperation. Identify the cause and effects of imperialism and colonization.